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Extract from Interrogation of Hideki Tojo 15 March 1946 p. 2-3

- What members of the Liaison Conferences were concerned with agreements or disagreements?
- The ones who normally had this right were, on the cabinet side, the Premier, Foreign Minister, the War Minister, the Navy Minister, the President of the Cabinet Planning Board. On the Supreme Command side, there were the two Chiefs of Staff. As necessary, other cabinet members from the cabinet side, and the Assistant Chiefs of Staff from the Supreme Command side, also attended with this power, but the decisions were not by majority. They were unanimous. Discussions were continued until there was unanimous agreement.
- Q Is it not true that the subject matter of all the Imperial Conferences held in 1941 had been, a short time previously, discussed by one or more Liaison Conferences and a decision made?
- A Generally speaking, yes. That is to say, in each case a proposal was decided upon which was put before the Imperial Conference for a decision.
- All of the seven regular members of the Liaison Conference, whom you have mentioned, also attended the Imperial Conferences and voted, did they not?
- A Yes, of course.

續至了戶天人養教次不可至至又全員一致不可至於議論、全員一致三十日之次長不齊否決定,關與己權限,持了列降与了到降之人便便以便便,原則可問与他,關係又從師部側引於謀次長及軍令部臣,海軍大正内閣企劃院總裁下了一統師部側,而總長下了多人人內間與人然理大正外務大正外務大正陸軍大河,關係等馬,對己門門一次華一下里中一下里

除大体英面引入即各分場會草案不決定十七分八十年人孫東八衙門数同連絡會議下論議口決定十十十年十八本衙戶下上之下,則而犯土人年二行公夕總下御門會議、議題《其少前一開刊了一回久、

金巻三次をしてえれナーマシタ

三騎次三來與多一七人下下時三衛員不犯了衙門衛衛一出常

察仍衛東通具人

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